

The local energy transition: new value creation patterns for local communities and investors

Cyril ROGER-LACAN CEO, Tilia Umwelt Paris, 31 may 2013



Value creation for local communities and investors

- The energy transition provides new patterns for local economic wealth and shared benefits between communities and investors
- Unlike traditional industrial development policies, they rely on revealing local efficiency potentials and untapped resources
- This community value creation is higher when, and to the extent that:
 - A project relies on local resources (inputs, agricultural or urban waste, wind potential) and on local potentials (domestic or industrial use of heat in particular)
 - And that the investment is realised, as a whole or partly, by the local authorities themselves (regions, cities, municipal utilities) or by local citizen initiatives (cooperative society in particular)



Example of local partnership: transformation of the heating system of a 15000 inhabitants city

Extension and modernisation of the heat production plant and extension of the district heating network, intégration of a biogas plant

- Complete analysis of the local heat consumption potential identification of new customers (industries, hospital, ...) and modelling of the local mid-term heat demand
- Analysis of the potential of energy production from local agricultural wastes (crop rests, livestock manure...)
- Modelling of the project economics and tariffs
- Conception and design of the future biogas and combined heat power plant (mix of agricultural wastes in particular) and of the district heating network extension
- Contracting with farmers (inputs) and new customers (key accounts)
- Support of the local public company for the bidding, construction monitoring, commissioning and start-up of the operation

Key facts:

- Total investment: 3,25 M€
- Equity: 365 k€
- IRR before taxes: > 10%
- ROE: > 20%
- Heat production cost: 30%
 - Creation of 2 to3 stable jobs
- CO2 emissions reduction of 3.300 t/a



Measuring the « communal value creation »

Direct value creation		466.300	k€/year		
Dividends from project		60.800	k€/year		
Net result		18.500	k€/year		
Production costs red	313.000	k€/year			
Salaries of created jo	74.000	k€/year			
Indirect value creation		397.600	k€/year		
Surface rent		10.000	k€/year		
Local suppliers (cher	12.600	k€/year			
Agriculture Ressourd	272.000	k€/year			
Maintenance		103.000	k€/year		
Externalities		397.600	k€/year		
CO2 reductions	Market price: 6€/t	19.800	k€/year		
	Market price: 30€/t	99.000	k€/year		
Valorisation ot wastes					
Security of supply					

Municipality, communal utility, inhabitants

Related industries and services (suppliers)

Externalities



Measuring the « communal value creation »

		Average price of		Feed-in-tariff	
		electricity in	Cost of market	remuneration in	Difference
Date		€/MWh	supply in t€	t€	in t€
	01/01/2009	80	310,4	871,9	561,5
	01/01/2010	66	256,08	871,9	615,82
	01/01/2011	58	225,04	871,9	646,86
	01/01/2012	58	225,04	871,9	646,86

Positive externalities Externalities Local value creation Indirect value Value creation of ≈ 250 k€/year during the creation construction 397 k€ / year Average cost for Direct value the national Projet/Assets creation community value 600 k€ / year 466 k€ / year



Energy is more than energy: optimisation of a methanisation project from an agricultural standpoint

Optimisation of crop rotation and reasearch of new synergies between cultures (corn, animal farming, intermediate crops), possible use of dedicated crops (supplement only)

Waste recovery
Improved security in
comparison with other
options (spreading)

Possible use of digestates as fertilisers – optimisation of nitrogen cycle and spreading planification

Possible use of all or part of the produced heat (buildings heating, digestate or wood drying)



The process of developpement of new local partnerships

Identification and energy recovery potential for all local inputs/ressources en liaison avec un projet de développement et d'aménagement

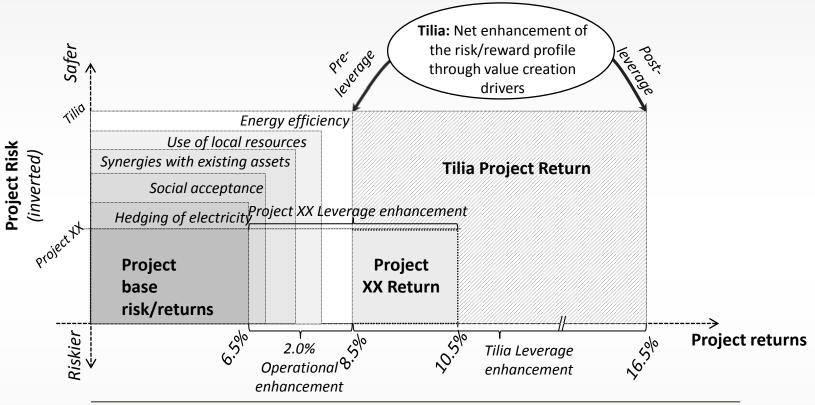
Development of new heat usages (services, industries, domestic) linked with optimisation measures (thermal insulation, networks interconnection)

The system provides a basis for new plans/projects including technology innovation

Creation of new local knowhow (investment societies – mixed economy societies , cooperatives...) and of a « local culture » for energy optimisation



Why partnership patterns jointly enhance risk and value for equity investors



Tilia's Unique Set of Value Creation Drivers	Returns Enhancement	Risk Reduction
Energy efficiency	+++	+
Use of local resources	+++	+
Synergies with existing assets	+++	+
Social acceptance	+	++
Hedging of electricity	=	++



Tilia's approach strategy for local partnerships

Technical optimisation

Tilia has in-house specialists of each field concerned by its projects, and is able to design efficient solutions, which enhance project returns

Economic efficiency

Working out concrete optimisation, both at conception stage and throughout the operation, improves affordability and increases project value

Risk/return enhancement

Social Acceptance

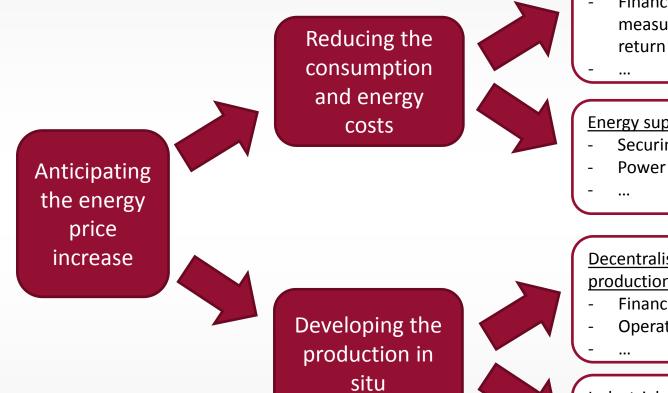
Tilia has a long track record of successful dialogue with local stakeholders, and relies to all the extent possible on the active participation of communities in projects

Environmental Performance

Tilia promotes the highest environmental performance accordingly with the partner's needs and measures it with sounded indicators



The energy transition challenges for the industry



Energy efficiency:

Financing of optimisation measures with long term

Energy supply:

- Securing long term supply
- Power / Gaz / Biomass

Decentralised renewable energy production:

- **Financing**
- Operation

Industrial ecology:

- Synergies with other industries / uses
- Unavoidable energies uses

Contacts

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